Scuola Primaria Statale "Don Milani"

**Classe V** 

(Anno Scolastico 2014/2015)



# PAST SIMPLE "REGULAR VERBS"



# **PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS**

# **POSITIVE FORM**

-Let's watch this film-clip.

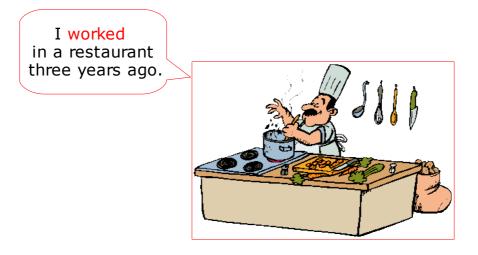


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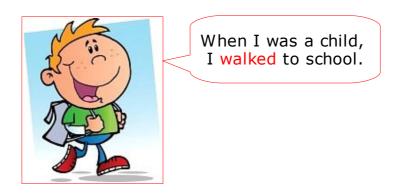
Remember...

-we use the past simple tense...

1)when we are talking about something that continued for some time in the past;



2)when we are talking about something that happened several times in the past ;



3)when we are talking about an event that happened at a particular time in the past.



I stayed at my grandmother house last summer.

STRUCTURE

-The regular verbs form the "past simple" by adding -ed to the base form of the verb.

Verb (base form) + -ED

- jump → jump<mark>ed</mark>
- look → looked

There is only one form of the verb in the past tense.



Some exceptions!

These exceptions are dependent from the last letter of the base form of the verb.

-If the verb ends in -E, we add only -D to form the past simple.

#### Verb (base form) + -D

 $\begin{array}{rcl} \text{live} & \longrightarrow & \text{lived} \\ \text{save} & \longrightarrow & \text{saved} \end{array}$ 

change → changed

-If the verb ends in a consonant preceded by a single vowel, we double the final consonant and we add -ED to form the past simple.

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# Verb (base form) + final consonant + -ED

- plan --> planned
- flip → flipped

-If the verb ends in -y preceded by a consonant, we change Y with I, then we add -ED.

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Verb (base form y→ i) + -ED

- study  $\longrightarrow$  studied
- cry → cried

marry 😁 married

#### Remember...

-If the verb ends in -y preceded by a vowel, we regularly add -ED.

play → played

-If the verb ends in -L, we double the L and we add -ED.

# Verb (base form) + -L + -ED

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label → labelled

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#### PRONUNCIATION

#### We pronounce "t" after:

-voiceless sounds (suoni sordi, senza vibrazioni delle corde voCali): p , k , s , f and voiceless th sound.

#### We pronounce "d" after:

-voiced sounds (suoni sonori, con vibrazioni delle corde vocali e quelli vocalici): b,g,v,z,m,n,l,r; voiced th sound and all vowels.

We pronounce "id" after: d and t sounds.

#### Read, remember ... and write

"d"	meaning
learn = learned	
listen = listened	
play = played	
enjoy = enjoyed	
live = lived	
stay = stayed	
open = opened	
love = loved	
call = called	
arrive = arrived	
smile = smiled	
clean = cleaned	
rub = rubbed	
fire = fired	
phone = phoned	
hum = hummed	
pull =pulled	
judge = judged	

<b>"t"</b>	meaning
stop = stopped	
look = looked	
wash = washed	
watch = watched	
like = liked	
walk = walked	
help = helped	
work = worked	
miss = missed	
relax = relaxed	
kiss = kissed	
cook = cooked	

"id"	meaning
decide = decided	
want = wanted	
start = started	
wait = waited	
visit = visited	
invite = invited	
complete = completed	
need = needed	
land = landed	

# ACTIVITIES

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-Copy, read and connect these verbs, then write the past simple tense and choose the correct pronunciation.

arrivare	offer	 "t″	"d"	"id"
offrire	help	 "t"	"d″	"id"
aiutare	arrive	 "t"	"d″	"id"
rimanere	gather	 "t"	"d″	"id"
aspettare	wait	 "t"	"d″	"id″
cogliere	remain	 "t"	"d″	"id"

ascoltare	believe	 "t"	"d″	"id"
camminare	listen	 "t"	"d″	"id"
credere	follow	 "t"	"d″	"id"
seguire	walk	 "t"	"d″	"id"

-Read, choose and write the verb with the same meaning, then write the past simple and the correct pronunciation:

		decide devide		
Write:				
girare	 		 	
suonare	 		 	
aprire	 		 	
decidere	 		 	
sperare	 		 	
saltare	 		 	
dividere	 		 	
fermare	 		 	
entrare	 		 	
viaggiare	 		 	

-Complete these sentences with the "past simple" of the verbs in brackets.

-I ..... (study) French yesterday.

-We ..... (watch) an interesting programme last night.

-Mark ..... *(stop)* the car in front of the post-office.

-My parents ..... (arrive) at half past six.

-Alison ..... (walk) to school.

-Charles and Wendy ..... (dance) at the party.

-We ..... (*hurry* - affrettarsi) back home.

-I ..... (*arrive*) in London at 10 o'clock in the morning.

-I was hungry so I ..... (*decide*) to have a pizza in a

-Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verbs in the box.

Carry cook like live open play start tidy travel wait

-We ..... to Liverpool last Saturday.

-The girl ..... the door.

-She ..... a big bag.

-They ..... in a castle.

-Jason and Martin ..... tennis yesterday.

-Mark ..... an omelette for lunch.

-I really ..... the party.

-We ..... for Susan because she was late.

-The film ..... at half past seven.

-Frank ..... his room.

Now, remember...

**"PAST TIME WORDS"** YESTERDAY - LAST - AGO

YESTERDAY	LAST	AGO
yesterday morning	last night	five minutes ago
yesterday afternoon	last week	two hours ago
Yesterday evenig	last month	six days ago
	last year	a month ago
	last spring	a year ago
	last summer	ten years ago
	last Monday	
	last Friday	

Work together ... post – yesterday morning Thomas posted a letter to his cousin yesterday morning. snow – last winter It snowed a lot in my town last winter. cook – two hours ago Jen cooked a cheesecake for her mum two hours ago.

Work yourself ...

play - yesterday afternoon watch - last week visit - three days ago help - yesterday evening learn - last month clean - two days ago

Activities online.



http://www.tuttoinglese.it/esercizi-past-simple-forma-affermativa-verbi-regolari.html

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# PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

**NEGATIVE FORM** 

Rule:



ACTIVITIES

-Copy and complete these sentences with the "past simple" of the verbs in brackets.

I (listen) ..... to the radio this morning.

My sister (pass) ..... her exam.

My mother (study)..... biology at university.

I (watch) ..... TV last night.

We (play) ..... football yesterday.

Simona (stop) ..... for petrol on the way here.

-Now, write the sentences in the "negative form".

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# -Copy and write what Jean "did" or "didn't" do yesterday:

-play tennis ( - )	
-clean her house ( + )	
-wash the cat ( + )	
-telephone Mary ( - )	
-watch a film on TV ( - )	
-visit her grandparents ( + )	
-cook a cake ( + )	

# -Copy and change the following sentences in the negative form.

-The boys played football.	•
-Carol called her mother.	•
-Donald fixed his TV.	
-Peter painted a kite.	•
-Ann studied history	
-Mary baked cookies.	

# 5)Now rewrite changing the direct object (of positive form).

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- - - -
6)Make the past simple negative. (she / not / love chocolate as a child)
(he / not / like sport)
(we / not / study for the exam)
(they / not / cook at the weekend)
(I / not / stay at home)

(John / not / work in the bank at the same time as me) (they / not / play tennis yesterday) (Julie and Anna / not / clean the house) (you / not / wash the dishes) (David and I / not / dance at the party) (they / not / play the piano) (it / not / rain yesterday) Change into negative sentences:

Alexis and Steven studied for the test. Johanna cried becasue she was ill. Jonathan and Gryselle were absent Melissa was here. Alishka was scared. Jordan and his family enjoyed the trip.

# PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

INTERROGATIVE FORM

Remember...



# DID + WE + GO

#### Translate together.

Volevate ascoltare musica, ieri? Did you listen to music, yesterday?

Giocava a calcio, in Messico? Did he play football in Mexico?

Aveva usato la parola corretta in questo esercizio? Did she use the correct word in this exercise?

Abitavi in un appartamento due anni fa? Did you live in a flat two years ago?

Era loro piaciuta Roma? Did they like Rome?

#### Work yourself.

Sei andato al supermercato, sabato? Did you go to the supermarket, Saturday?

Viveva in Inghilterra tuo nonno, trenta anni fa? Did your grandfather in England, thirty years ago?

Giocava a pallavolo tua sorella, l'estate scorsa? Did your sister play volleyball, last summer?

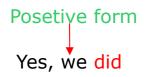
Erano andati al cinema ieri sera? Did they go to the cinema, yesterday evening?

Avevi studiato storia, prima? Did you study History, before?

# PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

ANSWERS

Did we go ...?



Negative form No, we didn,t

# Read and answer

Did you listen to music, yesterday?(- )
Did he play football in Mexico? ( - )
Did she use the correct word in this exercise? ( +)
Did you live in a flat, two years ago? ( +)
Did they like Rome? ( + )
Did you go to the supermarket, Saturday? ( - )
Did your grandfather live in England, ten years ago? (+)
Did your sister play wolleyball, last summer? ( - )
Did they go to the cinema, yesterday evening? ( - )
Did you study History, before? ( - )

#### What I know now...

# "REGULAR VERBS" - PAST SIMPLE TENSE (use and form)

#### 1)Write the past simple (positive form) of these verbs:.

stop:	stay:		want:		work:	
call:	cook:		enjoy:		rub:	
ascoltare:		arrivare:		stud	iare:	
aprire:		pulire:		aiuta	ire:	
camminare:		viaggiare:		decio	dere:	
suonare:		vivere:		ferm	are:	

#### 2)Write the past simple form of the verbs below.

Û	I my mum in the kitchen. (help)
<b>\$</b>	My sister in her room. (study)
	My mum the green car. (wash)
<b>N</b>	My grandmother to the shop. (walk)
	My brother to music. (listen)
87	My uncle a pretty woman. (marry)
_	My aunt her new notebook. (use)
	My cousins very late. (arrive)
	The babya lot. (cry)
<b>S</b>	My dad his old bike. (fix)
-	The dogs in the garden. (play)

#### 3)Write the verb in the past simple tense (positive form).

I ..... (aiutare) my friend with his homework yesterday. My Mom ...... (cucinare) bacon and eggs for breakfast this morning.

It was hot yesterday. The teacher ...... (aprire) all the classroom windows.

She ..... (piantare) flowers in the garden last weekend.

We ..... (andare a piedi) to school yesterday.

The man ...... (chiudere) his shop at 8:00 o'clock last night.

Last year I ..... (viaggiare) to London, England with my parents.

My friend ...... (studiare) English for three hours last night.

Last night I went to a party with my boyfriend. We..... (ballare) all night.

My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (abitare) in Rome for two years.

#### 4)Write sentences in simple past (positive form).

- you / cards / play	
- I/ a car / want	
- we / the game / lose	
- they / lemonade / very much / like	
- he / the family car/ wash	

#### 5)Complete the table in simple past.

positive	negative	Question
The children played in the garden.		
Laura studied history at six o'clock.		
	Max didn't cook, yesterday.	
		Did they live in London five years ago?
		Was she ill?
	They weren't in the park.	
	She did not work in London.	

#### 6)Put in order

you – did – see – him – yesterday?
where – shoes? - did – you – your – find
did – what – you – about – the – think – meeting?
any – have – questions? – did – they

#### 7)Read and complete with "don't" or "didn't".

They usually ..... have breakfast.

Last summer they ..... take the dog with them on holiday.

#### 8)Make the past simple, positive, negative or question:

-I ..... (work) in a bank for ten years.

- -Where ..... (you / live) when you were young?
- -She ..... (not / study) French at university.
- -..... (they / visit) the Louvre in Paris?

-She ..... (not / watch) TV yesterday.

-I ..... (cook) steak last night.

-We .....(not / play) tennis yesterday because it was raining.

#### 9)Write nine sentences with the past simple forms